Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
S1	2	"20030163683"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 11:12
S2	4	"6584071".pn. "6684336".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/18 14:24
S3	523	713/153.ccls.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/18 15:17
S4	99	("6128279" "6262984" "6310877" "5903559" "6147971" "6594235" "6728779" "6567380" "5802313" "6173364" "6178172" "5722418" "5924094" "6002930" "6208623" "6212188" "6212188" "6363065" "6446092" "6463061" "6463471" "6532237" "6614757" "6914886" "6396842" "6456600" "6473408" "5687319" "6470022" "6483808" "6577653" "6760777" "5642350" "5968133" "6061734" "6061734" "6112245" "6202094" "6392997" "6512768" "6614809" "6643279" "6839771" "6853617" "6865599" "6941355" "6065062" "6112249" "5504757" "5867648").pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/18 16:09
S5	23	((secure private anonymous secret concealed) with path) SAME multi\$1cast	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/18 16:13
S6	2	(LSP label\$1switched\$1path) AND (encrypt\$3 same (label index) same path)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 11:31
S7	37	(LSP label\$1switched\$1path) with (priva\$3)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 13:49
S8	13	("4870639" "5233604" "5999286" "6301244" "6321271" "6347078" "6377551").PN. OR ("6584071").URPN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 12:02

			, <u> </u>			
S9	1	S8 and (privacy)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 12:03
S10	4	(FEC forwarding\$1equivalent\$1class) with privacy	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:10
S11	7	encrypt\$3 with path with index	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:21
S12	6	encrypt\$3 with path with label	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:27
S13	1	anonym\$5 same path same peer same label	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:28
S14	2	anonym\$5 and encrypt\$3 and (path same peer same label)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 15:45
S15	2	(anonym\$5 same peer) and encrypt\$3 and (path same label)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:30
S16	245	anonym\$5 and peer and encrypt\$3 and path and label	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:30
S17	171	S16 and @ad<"20020228"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 14:31
S18	2	(p2p peer\$1to\$1peer peer\$12\$1peer) SAME anonym\$5 SAME path	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 16:06

S19	24	(p2p peer\$1to\$1peer peer\$12\$1peer) AND anonym\$5 SAME path	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 16:07
S20	63	(p2p peer\$1to\$1peer peer\$12\$1peer) SAME anonym\$5 AND path	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/19 16:07
S21	6	("5862223" "6460036").pn. "20020128871"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/20 14:05

Freenet: A Distributed Anonymous Information Storage and Retrieval System (2000) (Make Corrections) (368 citations) lan Clarke, Oskar Sandberg, Brandon Wiley, Theodore W. Hong Lecture Notes in Computer Science

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Abstract: We describe Freenet, an adaptive peer-to-peer network application that permits the publication, replication, and retrieval of data while protecting the anonymity of both authors and readers. Freenet operates as a network of identical nodes that collectively pool their storage space to store data files and cooperate to route requests to the most likely physical location of data. No broadcast search or centralized location index is employed. Files are referred to in a location-independent... (Update)

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44: A scalable content-addressable network - Ratnasamy, Francis et al. - 2001

28: OceanStore: An Architecture for Global-Scale Persistent Storage - Kubiatowicz - 2000

BibTeX entry: (Update)

Ian Clarke, Oskar Sandberg, Brandon Wiley, and Theodore W. Hong. Freenet: A Distributed Anonymous Information Storage and Retrieval System. In Proc. of the ICSI Workshop on Design Issues in Anonymity and Unobservability, Berkeley, CA, 2000. International Computer Science Institute. http://citeseer.ist.psu.edu/clarke00freenet.html More

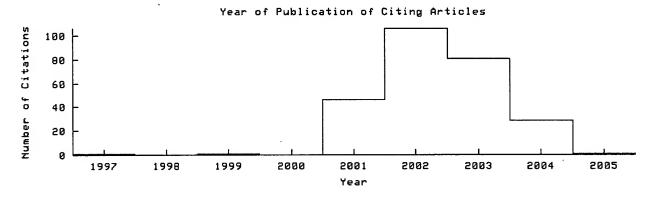
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1 Onion routing

David Goldschlag, Michael Reed, Paul Syverson

February 1999 Communications of the ACM, Volume 42 Issue 2

Publisher: ACM Press

4 The predecessor attack: An analysis of a threat to anonymous communications



Matthew K. Wright, Micah Adler, Brian Neil Levine, Clay Shields

November 2004 ACM Transactions on Information and System Security (TISSEC),

Volume 7 Issue 4

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(295.25 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

There have been a number of protocols proposed for anonymous network communication. In this paper, we investigate attacks by corrupt group members that degrade the anonymity of each protocol over time. We prove that when a particular initiator continues communication with a particular responder across path reformations, existing protocols are subject to the attack. We use this result to place an upper bound on how long existing protocols, including Crowds, Onion Routing, Hordes, Web Mixes, and D ...

Keywords: Privacy, anonymity, anonymous communication, predecessor attack

5 A protocol for anonymous communication over the Internet

Clay Shields, Brian Neil Levine

November 2000 Proceedings of the 7th ACM conference on Computer and communications security

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(720.32 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

6 Networking: Trust based adaptive on demand ad hoc routing protocol

Rajiv K. Nekkanti, Chung-wei Lee

April 2004 Proceedings of the 42nd annual Southeast regional conference

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(283.49 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references

In this paper, we propose a routing protocol that is based on securing the routing information from unauthorized users. Even though routing protocols of this category are already proposed, they are not efficient, in the sense that, they use the same kind of encryption algorithms (mostly high level) for every bit of routing information they pass from one intermediate node to another in the routing path. This consumes lot of energy/power as well as time. Our routing algorithm basically behaves dep ...

Keywords: AODV, ad-hoc routing protocol, encryption/decryption, security level, trust factor

7 Sensor networks: Source-location privacy in energy-constrained sensor network



Celal Ozturk, Yanyong Zhang, Wade Trappe

October 2004 Proceedings of the 2nd ACM workshop on Security of ad hoc and sensor networks

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(209.79 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

As sensor-driven applications become increasingly integrated into our lives, issues related to sensor privacy will become increasingly important. Although many privacy-related issues can be addressed by security mechanisms, one sensor network privacy issue that cannot be adequately addressed by network security is confidentiality of the source sensor's location. In this paper, we focus on protecting the source's location by introducing suitable modifications to sensor routing protocols to mak ...

Keywords: context privacy, flooding, sensor networks privacy, source-location privacy

Peer to peer networks: Tarzan: a peer-to-peer anonymizing network layer

Michael J. Freedman, Robert Morris

November 2002 Proceedings of the 9th ACM conference on Computer and communications security

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(242.72 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

Tarzan is a peer-to-peer anonymous IP network overlay. Because it provides IP service, Tarzan is general-purpose and transparent to applications. Organized as a decentralized peer-to-peer overlay, Tarzan is fault-tolerant, highly scalable, and easy to manage. Tarzan achieves its anonymity with layered encryption and multi-hop routing, much like a Chaumian mix. A message initiator chooses a path of peers pseudo-randomly through a restricted topology in a way that adversaries cannot easily influenc ...

Keywords: IP tunnels, anonymity, cover traffic, distributed trust, mix-nets, overlay networks, peer-to-peer

9 An on-demand secure routing protocol resilient to byzantine failures

Baruch Awerbuch, David Holmer, Cristina Nita-Rotaru, Herbert Rubens
September 2002 Proceedings of the 3rd ACM workshop on Wireless security WiSE '02

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: Tpdf(233.97 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

An ad hoc wireless network is an autonomous self-organizing system ofmobile nodes connected by wireless links where nodes not in directrange can communicate via intermediate nodes. A common technique usedin routing protocols for ad hoc wireless networks is to establish therouting paths on-demand, as opposed to continually maintaining acomplete routing table. A significant concern in routing is theability to function in the presence of byzantine failures whichinclude nodes that drop, modify, or m ...

Keywords: ad hoc wireless networks, byzantine failures, on-demand routing, security

10 Secure traceroute to detect faulty or malicious routing

Venkata N. Padmanabhan, Daniel R. Simon

January 2003 ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, Volume 33 Issue 1

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(233.68 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Network routing is vulnerable to disruptions caused by malfunctioning or malicious routers that draw traffic towards themselves but fail to correctly forward the traffic. The existing approach to addressing this problem is to secure the routing protocol by having it validate routing updates, i.e., verify their authenticity, accuracy, and/or consistency. In this paper, we argue that it is also important to ensure the robustness of packet forwarding itself. To this end, we propose a different appr ...

11 Flocks: distributed proxies for browsing privacy

Martin S. Olivier

October 2004 Proceedings of the 2004 annual research conference of the South African institute of computer scientists and information technologists on IT research in developing countries SAICSIT '04

Publisher: South African Institute for Computer Scientists and Information Technologists Full text available: 🔂 pdf(110.65 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper introduces a Privacy-Enhancing Technology (PET) based on a hybrid of Crowds and anonymising proxies. The PET--referred to as Flocks --operates by establishing a number of Web proxies and letting these proxies randomly forward requests to other proxies (or the final destination). This distributes users' requests over a number of such proxies, thereby helping to protect their (browsing) privacy.

The problem that the paper considers is the effect of two primary design parameter ...

Keywords: management, personal privacy, privacy architecture, privacy-enhancing technologies, reliability, security

12 Personal trusted devices for web services: revisiting multilevel security

Edgar Weippl, Wolfgang Essmayr

April 2003 Mobile Networks and Applications, Volume 8 Issue 2

Publisher: Kluwer Academic Publishers

Full text available: pdf(109.95 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

In this paper we revisit the concept of mandatory access control and investigate its potential with personal digital assistants (PDA). Only if applications are clearly separated and Trojans cannot leak personal information can these PDAs become personal trusted devices. Limited processing power and memory can be overcome by using Web services instead of full-fledged applications - a trend also in non-mobile computing. Web services, however, introduce additional security risks, some of them speci ...

Keywords: multilevel security (MLS), personal digital assistant (PDA), personal trusted device (PTD), trusted computing base (TCB)

13 Communication privacy: Location diversity in anonymity networks

Nick Feamster, Roger Dingledine

October 2004 Proceedings of the 2004 ACM workshop on Privacy in the electronic society

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(181.61 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Anonymity networks have long relied on diversity of node location for protection against attacks---typically an adversary who can observe a larger fraction of the network can launch a more effective attack. We investigate the diversity of two deployed anonymity networks, Mixmaster and Tor, with respect to an adversary who controls a single Internet administrative domain.

Specifically, we implement a variant of a recently proposed technique that passively estimates the set of administra ...

Keywords: anonymity, interdomain routing, mix networks

14 A survey of peer-to-peer content distribution technologies

Stephanos Androutsellis-Theotokis, Diomidis Spinellis

December 2004 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 36 Issue 4

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: The pdf(517.77 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Distributed computer architectures labeled "peer-to-peer" are designed for the sharing of computer resources (content, storage, CPU cycles) by direct exchange, rather than requiring the intermediation or support of a centralized server or authority. Peer-to-peer architectures are characterized by their ability to adapt to failures and accommodate transient populations of nodes while maintaining acceptable connectivity and performance. Content distribution is an important peer-to-peer application ...

Keywords: Content distribution, DHT, DOLR, grid computing, p2p, peer-to-peer

15 Privacy through pseudonymity in user-adaptive systems

Alfred Kobsa, Jörg Schreck

May 2003 ACM Transactions on Internet Technology (TOIT), Volume 3 Issue 2

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(881.69 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

User-adaptive applications cater to the needs of each individual computer user, taking for

example users' interests, level of expertise, preferences, perceptual and motoric abilities, and the usage environment into account. Central user modeling servers collect and process the information about users that different user-adaptive systems require to personalize their user interaction. Adaptive systems are generally better able to cater to users the more data their user modeling systems collect and ...

Keywords: Chaum mix, KQML, User modeling, access control, anonymity, encryption, personal information, personalization, privacy, pseudonymity, reference model, secrecy, security, user-adaptive systems

16 Digital village: Anonymizing the net

Hal Berghel, Kim Womack
April 2003 Communications of the ACM, Volume 46 Issue 4

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(130.14 KB)

1 html(24.78 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms

Sanitizing packets for fun and profit.

17 SOS: secure overlay services

Angelos D. Keromytis, Vishal Misra, Dan Rubenstein

August 2002 ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, Proceedings of the 2002 conference on Applications, technologies, architectures, and protocols for computer communications, Volume 32 Issue 4

Publisher: ACM Press, ACM Press

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(210.90 KB)

Denial of service (DoS) attacks continue to threaten the reliability of networking systems. Previous approaches for protecting networks from DoS attacks are reactive in that they wait for an attack to be launched before taking appropriate measures to protect the network. This leaves the door open for other attacks that use more sophisticated methods to mask their traffic. We propose an architecture called Secure Overlay Services (SOS) that proactively prevents DoS attacks, geared toward supportin ...

Keywords: denial of service attacks, network security, overlay networks

18 Communication privacy: Minx: a simple and efficient anonymous packet format

George Danezis, Ben Laurie
October 2004 Proceedings of the 2004 ACM workshop on Privacy in the electronic society

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: Top pdf(154.03 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

<i>Minx</i> is a cryptographic message format for encoding anonymous messages, relayed through a network of Chaumian mixes. It provides security against a passive adversary by completely hiding correspondences between input and output messages. Possibly corrupt mixes on the message path gain no information about the route length or the position of the mix on the route. Most importantly Minx resists active attackers that are prepared to modify messages in order to embed tags which they ...

Keywords: anonymity, mix networks, tagging attacks

19 Normalizing Traffic Pattern with Anonymity for Mission Critical Applications

Dongxi Liu, Chi-Hung Chi, Ming Li

April 2004 Proceedings of the 37th annual symposium on Simulation

Publisher: IEEE Computer Society

Full text available: pdf(136.16 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract

Intruders often want to analyze traffic pattern to getinformation for his some malicious activities inultra-secure network. This paper presents a general approach to prevent traffic pattern of IP-based networkfrom being analyzed. It is an isolated scheme which canbe used to prevent traffic analysis in overall network byachieving the same goal in each network segmentindependently. On each network segment, complementary traffic is generated according to its realtraffic, and the combination of these ...

The architecture of robust publishing systems

Marc Waldman, Aviel D. Rubin, Lorrie Faith Cranor

November 2001 ACM Transactions on Internet Technology (TOIT), Volume 1 Issue 2

Publisher: ACM Press

Full text available: pdf(680.21 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

The Internet in its present form does not protect content from censorship. It is straightforward to trace any document back to a specific Web server, and usually directly to an individual. As we discuss below, there are valid reasons for publishing a document in a censorship-resistant manner. Unfortunately, few tools exist that facilitate this form of publishing. We describe the architecture of robust systems for publishing content on the Web. The discussion is in the context of Publius, as that ...

Keywords: Censorship resistance, Web publishing

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